## $\underset{\text { Fandsworth }}{\text { Floreat }}$

## Year 6 Family Learning



## What are the SATs?

- SATs are the Standardised Assessment Tests that are given to children at the end of Key Stage 2.
- The SATs take place over four days, starting on Tuesday $9^{\text {th }}$ May ending on Friday $12^{\text {th }}$ May.
- The SATs papers consist of:

| Tuesday | Wednesday | Thursday | Friday |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| GPS (45mins) <br> Spelling (15mins) | Reading (60 mins) | Maths I (30 mins) | Maths 3 (40 mins) |
|  |  | Maths $2(40 \mathrm{mins})$ |  |

- Writing is assessed using evidence collected throughout Year 6. There is no Year 6 SATs writing test.

The key stage 2 tests will be taken on set dates unless your child is absent, in which case they may be able to take them up to 5 school days afterwards.

When and how the SATs are completed

- The tests take place during normal school hours, under exam conditions.
- Each morning, the children will have a soft start to the day where breakfast will be provided
- Children are not allowed to talk to each other from the moment the assessments are handed out until they are collected at the end of the test.
- After the tests are completed, the papers are sent away to be marked externally.
- The results are then sent to the school in July.
- Each test lasts no longer than 60 minutes:


## The results

Tests are marked externally. Once marked, the tests will be given the following scores:

- A raw score (total number of marks achieved for each paper);
- A scaled score (see below);
- A judgement on if the National Standard has been met.

After marking each test, the external marker will convert the raw score to a scaled score. Even though the tests are made to the same standard each year, the questions must be different. This means the difficulty of the tests may vary. Scaled scores ensures an accurate comparison of performance over time.

Scaled scores range from 80 to 120 .
A scaled score of 100 or more shows the pupil is meeting the National Standard.

Spelling, Punctuation and Grammar: Tuesday $9^{\text {th }}$ May
Spelling, Punctuation and Grammar consists of two papers.

- Paper I focuses on all three elements (spelling, punctuation and grammar). The paper lasts for 45 minutes.
- Paper 2 consists of a spelling test only. It should take approximately 15 minutes, although this is not a set amount of time (pupils should be given as much time as they need to complete the test).


## Spelling, Punctuation and Grammar: Paper I

This test focuses on:

- Grammatical terms/word classes;
- Functions of sentences;
- Combining words, phrases and clauses;
- Verb forms, tenses and consistency;
- Punctuation:
- Vocabulary:
- Standard English and formality.

This test requires a range of answer types but does not require longer formal answers.

## Reading: Wednesday $10^{\text {th }}$ May

There is one reading test that lasts for 60 minutes.
The test is designed to measure if the children's comprehension of age-appropriate reading material meets the national standard. There are three different set texts for children to read. These could be any combination of non-fiction, fiction and/ or poetry.

The test covers the following areas:

- Give/ explain the meaning of words in context;
- Retrieve and record information/identify key details from fiction and non-fiction;
- Summarise main ideas from more than one paragraph;
- Make inferences from the text/ explain and justify inferences with evidence from the text;
- Predict what might happen from details stated and implied;
- Identify/ explain how information/narrative content is related and contributes to meaning as a whole;
- Identify/ explain how meaning is enhanced through choice of words and phrases;
- Make comparisons within the text.


## Reading

The reading SATs paper requires a range of answer styles.

## Example questions:

Questions 1-13 are about The Park (pages 4-5)

1 What is Ajay doing when the post arrives?

Ajay was just about to tuck into his tea and toast dripping in sour rhubarb jam when there was a loud clatter from the letterbox as an important-looking brown envelope landed on the mat. 'Bit early for the post isn't it?' Mum said. 'Ooh, it says Special Delivery.' Mum opened it, and unfolded the letter.

| Qu. | Requirement | Mark |
| :---: | :--- | :---: |
| $\mathbf{1}$ | What is Ajay doing when the post arrives? <br> Content domain: 2b - retrieve and record information / identify key details from fiction <br> and non-fiction | $\mathbf{1 m}$ |
| Award 1 mark for reference to him eating (his breakfast), e.g. <br> - just about to tuck into his tea and toast <br> - having his breakfast <br> - drinking tea. |  |  |

## Reading

## Example questions: <br> Based on text 3: Music Box

32 What impressions do you get of Piper's house?
Give two impressions, using evidence from the text to support your answer.

| Impression | Evidence |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | - |
|  |  |
|  |  |

Give two impressions, using evidence from the text to support your answer.
Content domain: 2d - make inferences from the text / explain and justify inferences with evidence from the text

| Acceptable points <br> (impressions) | Likely evidence |
| :--- | :--- |$|$| 1. it is rickety / old | - there are widening cracks in the planks in the ceiling |
| :--- | :--- |
| 2. it is small / tiny | - she wishes she had a bigger work space <br> - she has to eat at the same table that she works at |
| 3. it is warm / cosy | - there is a fire / stove <br> - comfortable nest |
| 4. it is untidy / cluttered | - Piston rings, bolts, and cylinders littered its surface |
| 5. it is old fashioned | - no electricity / kerosene lamps / cast-iron stove |
| 6. it is isolated | - it is situated among fields <br> - to go outside and watch the fields |
| 7. it is safe | - the storm coming outside is dangerous |

Award 3 marks for two acceptable points, at least one with evidence.
Award 2 marks for either two acceptable points, or one acceptable point with evidence. Award 1 mark for one acceptable point.

## Reading

Since the current testing formation for the SATs began in 2016, there has been a tendency for three types of questions to be the most popular.

In the 2019 Reading SATs paper,

- $12 \%$ of marks could be gained from answering questions involving giving and explaining the meaning of words in context;
- $42 \%$ of marks could be gained from answering questions involving retrieving and recording information or identifying key details from a text;
- $36 \%$ of marks could be gained from answering questions involving making inferences from a text and justifying inferences with text evidence.

When reading with your child at home try focusing on these types of questions.

## Maths: Thursday $\left.1\right|^{\text {th }}$ May and Friday $12^{\text {th }}$ May

The maths assessments consist of three tests.

- Paper I: Arithmetic (30 minutes) - Thursday IIth May
- Paper 2: Reasoning ( 40 minutes) - Thursday $\|^{\text {th }}$ May
- Paper 3: Reasoning (40 minutes) - Friday $12^{\text {th }}$ May


## Maths Paper I (Arithmetic)

The maths arithmetic paper has a total of 40 marks.

The test covers the four operations (addition, subtraction, multiplication, division, including order of operations requiring BIDMAS), percentages of amounts and calculating with decimals and fractions.

Example question:


| Qu. | Requirement | Mark | Additional guidance |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 23 | Award TWO marks for the correct answer of 22,572 <br> If the answer is incorrect, award ONE mark for a formal method of long multiplication with no more than ONE arithmetic error, e.g. $\text { - } \begin{array}{r} 836 \\ \times \quad 27 \\ \hline 5852 \\ 16720 \\ \hline 22602 \text { (error) } \end{array}$ <br> OR $\text { - } \begin{array}{r} 836 \\ \times \quad \begin{array}{l} 27 \\ \hline 5612 \\ \text { (error) } \\ 16720 \\ \hline 22332 \end{array} \end{array}$ | Up to 2m | Working must be carried through to reach a final answer for the award of ONE mark. <br> Do not award any marks if the error is in the place value, e.g. the omission of the zero when multiplying by tens: $\begin{array}{r} 836 \\ \times \quad \begin{array}{r} 27 \\ \hline 5852 \\ 1672 \\ \hline 7524 \end{array} \text { (place value error) } \end{array}$ |

## Maths Papers 2 and 3 (Reasoning)

Paper 2 will take place on Thursday $\|^{\text {th }}$ May and paper 3 will take place on Friday $12^{\text {th }}$ May. These tests have a total of 35 marks each.

These papers require children to demonstrate their mathematical knowledge and skills, as well as their ability to solve problems and their mathematical reasoning. They cover a wide range of mathematical topics from key stage 2 including,

- Number and place value (including Roman numerals);
- The four operations;
- Geometry (properties of shape, position and direction);
- Statistics;
- Measurement (length, perimeter, mass, volume, time, money);
- Algebra;
- Ratio and proportion;
- Fractions, decimals and percentages

Award TWO marks for the correct answer of 821

If the answer is incorrect, award ONE mark for evidence of an appropriate method, e.g.

- $800 \times 2=1600$
$511+268=779$
1600-779
OR
- $800-511=289$
$800-268=542$ (error)
$542+289$
OR
- $800-511-268=23$ (error)
$800+23$
Answer need not be obtained for the award of ONE mark


## Award TWO marks for the correct answer of 79(p) OR (£)0.79

If the answer is incorrect, award ONE mark for an appropriate method
e.g.

- $£ 4.75-£ 1.98=£ 2.77$

$$
£ 2.77-£ 1.98
$$

OR
$198 \times 2=397 \mathrm{p}$ (error) £4.75-397p
OR

- $£ 2 \times 2=£ 4$ £4.75-£4=75p $75 p+4 p$

Answer need not be obtained for the award of ONE mark Accept for ONE mark an answer of $0.79 p$ OR $£ 79(p)$ as evidence of a correct method.
Refer to section 2.1 on pages 8 and 9 for additional guidance on marking answers involving money (see Resource).
2.

## , as shown


mirror line
Accept slight inaccuracies in drawing.
Shape need not be shaded for the award of ONE mark.
5. Rectangle divided, as shown: OR


OR


OR


